

# Key Investor Information

This document provides you with key investor information about this Fund. It is not marketing material. The information is required by law to help you understand the nature and the risks of investing in this Fund. You are advised to read it so you can make an informed decision about whether to invest.

## HSBC Global Funds ICAV - Global Corporate Bond UCITS ETF

a sub-fund of HSBC Global Funds ICAV, (the "UCITS");  
 managed by HSBC Investment Funds (Luxembourg) S.A.

Class:S4CHGBP  
 ISIN:IE00BG0NYK88

## Objectives and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective:

The Fund aims to provide regular income and capital growth by tracking as closely as possible the performance of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Corporate Bond Index (total return hedged to US dollars) (the Index).

### Investment Policy:

The Index is comprised of investment grade corporate bonds (and other similar securities). The Index is multi-currency but is hedged to US dollars (USD). The Index includes bonds from developed and emerging markets. The issuers of the bonds are within the industrial, utility and financial sectors.

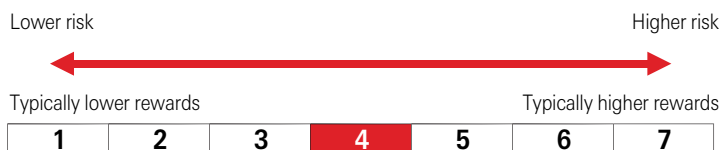
The Fund is passively managed and invests in, or gain exposure to: corporate investment grade bonds, corporate emerging market bonds and other bonds all of which are Index constituents. The Fund utilises an investment technique called optimisation, which seeks to minimise the difference in return between the Fund and the Index by taking into account tracking error (the risk that the Fund return varies from the Index return) and trading costs when constructing a portfolio. The Fund will not necessarily invest in every constituent of the Index, or invest proportionally to each constituents' Index weight. If the overall portfolio matches the characteristics of the Index, the Fund can also invest in assets outside of the Index, such as: bonds with a credit rating of Ba1, BB+ and below; securities which are expected to provide similar performance and risk characteristics to certain Index constituents.

The Fund may invest in cash and money market instruments and may invest up to 10% of its assets in funds for efficient portfolio management purposes.

The Fund may invest in bonds issued by governments, government-related entities and supranational entities based in developed and emerging markets. The Fund may also invest in derivatives for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes (such as to manage risk and costs, or to generate additional capital or income).

- ◆ The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions for up to 30% of its assets. However, this is not expected to exceed 25%.
- ◆ The reference currency of your shares is GBP. Your shares seek to hedge the currencies of denomination of the underlying portfolio assets to GBP.
- ◆ The reference benchmark, shown in the past performance section, does not take account of currency hedging. There may be a greater difference between the past performance of the share class and the reference benchmark than for other share classes in the Fund.
- ◆ Income is reinvested.
- ◆ You may sell your investment on most working days.
- ◆ Recommendation: this Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money within a period of 3 years.
- ◆ This product is based overseas and is not subject to UK sustainable investment labelling and disclosure requirements.

## Risk and Reward Profile



The risk and reward indicator is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund.

The risk and reward category shown is not guaranteed to remain unchanged and may shift over time. The lowest category does not mean a risk-free investment.

### Why is this Fund in this specific category?

This Fund is classified in category 4 because its price or simulated data has shown medium fluctuations historically.

### Material risks not fully captured by the Risk and Reward Indicator:

- ◆ **Callable Bond Risk** Any unexpected behaviour in interest rates could negatively impact the performance of callable debt securities (securities whose issuers have the right to pay off the security's principal before the maturity date).
- ◆ **CoCo Bond Risk** Contingent convertible securities (CoCo bonds) are comparatively untested, their income payments may be cancelled or suspended, and they are more vulnerable to losses than equities and can be highly volatile.
- ◆ **Counterparty Risk** The possibility that the counterparty to a transaction may be unwilling or unable to meet its obligations.

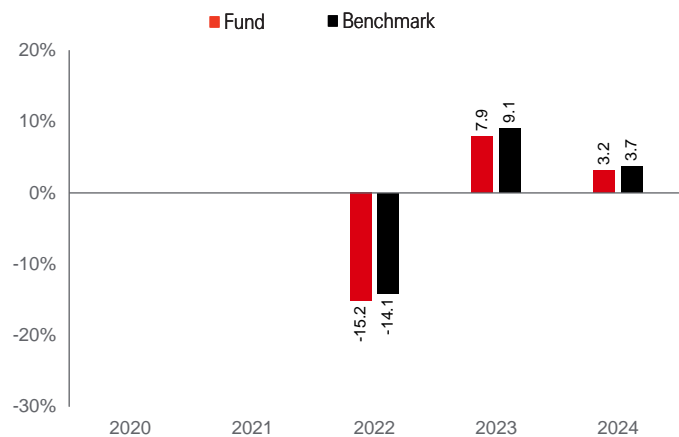
- ◆ **Credit Risk** A bond or money market security could lose value if the issuer's financial health deteriorates.
- ◆ **Default Risk** The issuers of certain bonds could become unwilling or unable to make payments on their bonds.
- ◆ **Derivatives Risk** Derivatives can behave unexpectedly. The pricing and volatility of many derivatives may diverge from strictly reflecting the pricing or volatility of their underlying reference(s), instrument or asset.
- ◆ **Exchange Rate Risk** Changes in currency exchange rates could reduce or increase investment gains or investment losses, in some cases significantly.
- ◆ **Index Tracking Risk** To the extent that the Fund seeks to replicate index performance by holding individual securities, there is no guarantee that its composition or performance will exactly match that of the target index at any given time ("tracking error").
- ◆ **Interest Rate Risk** When interest rates rise, bond values generally fall. This risk is generally greater the longer the maturity of a bond investment and the higher its credit quality.
- ◆ **Investment Leverage Risk** Investment Leverage occurs when the economic exposure is greater than the amount invested, such as when derivatives are used. A Fund that employs leverage may experience greater gains and/or losses due to the amplification effect from a movement in the price of the reference source.
- ◆ **Liquidity Risk** Liquidity Risk is the risk that a Fund may encounter difficulties meeting its obligations in respect of financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets, thereby compromising existing or remaining investors.
- ◆ **Operational Risk** Operational risks may subject the Fund to errors affecting transactions, valuation, accounting, and financial reporting, among other things.

Charges

The charges you pay are used to pay the running costs of the Fund, including the marketing and distribution costs. These charges reduce the potential growth of the investment.

One-off charges taken before or after you invest	
Entry charge	0.00%
Exit charge	0.00%
This is the maximum that might be taken out of your money before it is invested or before the proceeds of your investment are paid out.	
Charges taken from the Fund over a year	
Ongoing charge	0.08%
Charges taken from the Fund under certain specific conditions	
Performance fee	None

Past Performance



- ◆ The entry and exit charges shown are the maximum that may be charged. In some cases you may pay less. You can obtain the actual charges from your financial adviser.
- ◆ A conversion charge of up to 1.00% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares which are being converted may be payable to the relevant distributor.
- ◆ The ongoing charges figure shown is an estimate due to a material change in the fee structure. The UCITS’ annual report for each financial year will include detail on the exact charges made.

Further information on Charges can be found in the “Charges and Expenses” section of the Fund’s Prospectus.

- ◆ Past performance is not a guide to future performance; the value of your investment and any income from it can go down as well as up.
- ◆ Performance returns are based on the net asset value with distributable income reinvested. Past performance takes account of all ongoing charges but not entry, exit or conversion charges.
- ◆ The past performance of this share class is calculated in GBP.
- ◆ The investment benchmark for the Fund is the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Corporate Bond Index (total return hedged to USD).
- ◆ The Fund was launched on 16 May 2018.

Practical Information

Depository

HSBC Continental Europe.

Further information

Further information about the UCITS including the Prospectus, the most recent annual and semi-annual reports of the UCITS and the latest prices of shares, may be obtained free of charge, in English, from the Administrator by emailing [ifsinvestorqueries@hsbc.com](mailto:ifsinvestorqueries@hsbc.com), or by visiting [www.global.assetmanagement.hsbc.com](http://www.global.assetmanagement.hsbc.com). The most recent Prospectus is available in English and French. Details of the underlying investments of the fund are available on [www.global.assetmanagement.hsbc.com](http://www.global.assetmanagement.hsbc.com).

This document describes a single share class of the UCITS. The Prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports are prepared for the entire UCITS.

Share classes

It is possible to switch your shares into shares of a different share class or sub-fund within the ICAV, however the conversion of the ETF Shares into Non-ETF Shares and vice versa is not permitted. Details of how to do this are in the “How to convert between sub-funds / Classes” section of the Prospectus.

Remuneration Policy

The up-to-date remuneration policy of the Management Company, including a description of how remuneration and benefits are determined, is available at <http://www.global.assetmanagement.hsbc.com/luxembourg>. A paper copy is available free of charge from the Management Company.

Tax

The Fund is subject to Irish tax regulations. This may have an impact on your personal tax position.

Management Company

HSBC Investment Funds (Luxembourg) S.A. may be held liable solely on the basis of any statement contained in this document that is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent with the relevant parts of the Prospectus.

Segregated liability

HSBC Global Funds ICAV is an open-ended umbrella type Irish collective asset-management vehicle with limited liability and segregated liability between sub-funds incorporated under the laws of Ireland. This means that the holdings of one sub-fund are kept separate from the holdings of the other sub-funds and your investment in the Fund cannot be used to pay the liabilities of any other sub-fund.